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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 ThereunderREPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/05 AND ENDING 12/31/05
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES, INC.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

500 WELLS FARGO PLAZA 7900 Xerxes Avenue South

(No. and Street)

Minneapolis

(City)

MN

(State)

55431-1107

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

GREGORY A. STROH

952-893-1200

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BOYER & COMPANY

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

14500 BURNHAVEN DRIVE

(Address)

BURNSVILLE

(City)

MN

(State)

55306

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

APR 26 2006

THOMPSON
FINANCIAL

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

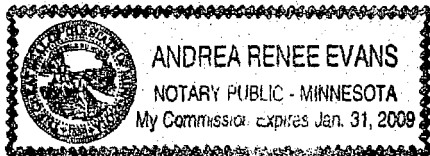
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, HUBERT BOYER, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES, INC., as of December 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



Hubert Boyer

Signature

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Title

[Signature]
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☒ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☒ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES, INC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Directors
Capital Management Securities, Inc.
Minneapolis, MN

We have audited the balance sheet of Capital Management Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Capital Management Securities, Inc. at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Boyer & Company

February 2, 2006

BALANCE SHEET
DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 108,064	\$ 125,203
Accounts Receivable	29,114	36,563
Prepaid Expenses	8,006	23,881
Income Taxes Receivable	-	486
Total Current Assets	<u>145,184</u>	<u>186,133</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Furniture and Equipment	140,168	135,824
Leasehold Improvements	1,297	1,297
Software	12,934	9,904
Total Property and Equipment	<u>154,399</u>	<u>147,025</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	<u>(123,269)</u>	<u>(116,880)</u>
Net Property and Equipment	<u>31,130</u>	<u>30,145</u>
OTHER ASSETS		
Deferred Income Taxes	<u>1,700</u>	<u>5,000</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 178,014</u>	<u>\$ 221,278</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Commissions Payable	\$ 37,813	\$ 60,046
Accounts Payable	3,267	6,708
Accrued Payroll Taxes	40	437
Accrued Income Taxes	895	6,185
	<u>42,015</u>	<u>73,376</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Stock, \$.01 Per Share, 1,000,000 Shares		
Authorized, 12,214 Shares Issued and Outstanding	122	122
Paid in Capital	57,252	57,252
Retained Earnings	78,625	90,528
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>135,999</u>	<u>147,902</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 178,014</u>	<u>\$ 221,278</u>

See accountant's report and notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
REVENUE		
Commissions	\$ 1,244,406	\$ 1,079,846
Office Rent	44,686	33,347
Management Fee	9,000	-
Interest	282	131
Other	11,223	50,445
Total Revenue	<u>1,309,597</u>	<u>1,163,769</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Commissions	1,000,975	866,326
Salaries and Wages	124,533	90,436
Payroll Taxes	6,923	8,660
Employee Benefits	2,761	2,766
Advertising	521	481
Depreciation and Amortization	6,389	5,975
Dues and Subscriptions	26,480	17,788
Equipment and Rental	10,594	13,418
Finance Charges	245	-
Insurance	13,545	4,500
Miscellaneous	3,045	9,746
Office Supplies and Printing	8,076	9,638
Postage	4,682	5,547
Professional Services	7,217	12,113
Regulatory Expense	23,074	19,784
Rent	60,311	59,406
Repairs and Maintenance	6,684	(576)
Sales and Use Tax	2,620	-
Telephone	6,162	9,858
Trading Errors	669	-
Travel and Entertainment	2,186	2,404
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,317,692</u>	<u>1,138,270</u>
Income (Loss) Before Taxes	<u>(8,095)</u>	<u>25,499</u>
Income Taxes Expense	<u>(3,807)</u>	<u>(3,185)</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (11,902)</u>	<u>\$ 22,314</u>

See accountant's report and notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Paid In</u>	<u>Retained</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Capital</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
BALANCE, December 31, 2003	12,214	\$ 122	\$ 57,252	\$ 68,214	\$ 125,588
Net Income	-	-	-	22,314	22,314
BALANCE, December 31, 2004	<u>12,214</u>	<u>\$ 122</u>	<u>\$ 57,252</u>	<u>\$ 90,528</u>	<u>\$ 147,902</u>
Net Income	-	-	-	(11,903)	(11,903)
BALANCE, December 31, 2005	<u>12,214</u>	<u>\$ 122</u>	<u>\$ 57,252</u>	<u>\$ 78,625</u>	<u>\$ 135,999</u>

See auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (11,903)	\$ 22,314
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,389	6,017
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	7,449	15,473
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	15,875	(1,725)
(Increase) Decrease in Taxes Receivable	486	(78)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(3,441)	1,160
Increase (Decrease) in commissions payable	(22,233)	20,499
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(397)	351
(Increase) decrease in Deferred Income Taxes	3,300	5,600
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	(5,290)	6,185
Increase (decrease) in deferred taxes payable	-	(8,900)
Total adjustments	<u>2,138</u>	<u>44,582</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(9,765)</u>	<u>66,896</u>
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Cash payments for the purchase of property	<u>(7,374)</u>	<u>(7,293)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>(7,374)</u>	<u>(7,293)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(17,139)	59,603
Cash and equivalents, begining of year	<u>125,203</u>	<u>65,600</u>
Cash and equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 108,064</u>	<u>\$ 125,203</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Income Tax	5,797	300

See accountant's report and notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations - Capital Management Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of CMA, Financial Inc. The company is a licensed broker-dealer under the jurisdiction of the National Association of Security Dealers (NASD). The Company buys and sells listed and unlisted securities; municipal, corporate and government bonds; mutual fund shares; and provides other financial services. The Company, as an introducing broker-dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker-dealer and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker-dealer which carries all the accounts of such customers.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - An allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established as of December 31, 2005 and 2004. Based upon management's analysis of outstanding accounts receivable as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the Company's past collection experience, an allowance is not considered necessary by management.

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment is carried at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is computed by the straight-line method based on useful lives of three to ten years.

Maintenance and repairs of property and equipment are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale or other disposition of property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

The Company reviews its property and equipment for impairment whenever events indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recorded when the sum of the future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. The amount of the loss is determined by comparing the fair market values of the asset to the carrying amount of the asset.

Recognition of Revenue - Commission income from sales of securities is recorded on the trade date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Taxes - Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets, including tax loss and credit carryforwards, and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in operations in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred income tax expense represents the change during the period in the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities. The components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities, which consist of net operating loss carryforwards, book depreciation over tax depreciation differences, and differences associated with cash basis reporting versus accrual basis reporting are individually classified as current and non-current based on their characteristics. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

NOTE 2 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases - The Company has a lease agreement for office space expiring June 30, 2008. Monthly base rent ranges from \$5,654 to \$6,492 over the term of the lease. Terms of the lease also require the Company to pay its share of taxes and operating expenses. Facility rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$60,311 and \$59,406 respectively.

The Company has also entered into various operating leases for equipment that expire through 2007. Equipment rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$6,057 and \$5,419 respectively. The equipment lease commitment includes a related party phone lease with a shareholder of the Company with monthly payments of \$361 through November 2006. Rent expense to the related party was \$2,294 and \$2,274 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Minimum future lease payments as of December 31, 2005 under non-cancelable operating leases are:

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Office Facility</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$73,086	\$19,715	\$92,801
2007	75,605	15,150	90,755
2008	38,952	12,005	30,957
2009	-	11,714	11,714
2010	-	2,618	2,618

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company shares its facilities and expenses with a sister company. Expenses are allocated between the two entities based on gross revenues. During 2005 approximately \$288,380 or one-half of common expenses were allocated to the Company's sister company. During 2004 approximately \$286,528 or one-half of common expenses were allocated to the Company's sister company. The majority of the expenses are paid by the Company, and the sister entity reimburses the Company for its share of the expenses monthly. Amounts due to related parties totaled \$-0- and \$11,640 as of December 31, 2005 and 2004.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

The Company's net deferred tax asset at December 31, 2005 and 2004 consisted of:

	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total</u>
December 31, 2005	\$ 990	\$ 710	\$1,700
December 31, 2004	\$2,900	\$2,100	\$5,000

The components for the provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year Ended December 31, 2005:			
Deferred income tax expense	\$1,910	\$1,390	\$3,300
Deferred income tax (benefit)	<u>(45)</u>	<u>552</u>	<u>507</u>
Income tax expense	\$1,863	\$1,942	\$3,807
Year Ended December 31, 2004:			
Deferred income tax expense	\$3,760	\$2,725	\$6,485
Deferred income tax (benefit)	<u>(1,700)</u>	<u>(1,600)</u>	<u>(3,300)</u>
Income tax expense	\$2,060	\$1,125	\$3,185

The amount of federal income tax expense attributable to continuing operations differs from the amount of expense that would result from applying domestic federal statutory rates to pre-tax income from continuing operations primarily due to permanent differences of non-deductible expenses and the effect of state minimum fees.

Board of Directors
Capital Management Securities, Inc.
Minneapolis, MN

We have audited the balance sheet of Capital Management Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statement of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2006. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information contained in the accompanying supplemental schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic statements taken as a whole.

Boyer & Company

February 2, 2006

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1
DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY at End of Year	\$ 135,999	\$ 147,902
ADDITIONS:		
Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General		
Creditors Allowable in Computation of Net Capital	-	-
Total Capital and Allowable Subordinated Liabilities	<u>135,999</u>	<u>147,902</u>
DEDUCTIONS:		
Unallowable Assets:		
Property and Equipment - Net	31,130	30,145
Deferred Tax Assets	1,700	5,000
Prepaid Expenses	8,006	23,881
Nonliquid Receivables, Net of Commission Payable	<u>1,473</u>	<u>1,828</u>
Total	<u>42,309</u>	<u>60,854</u>
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES POSITIONS	93,690	87,048
HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES	-	-
NET CAPITAL at End of Year	93,690	87,048
REQUIRED CAPITAL		
Basic Capital Requirement:		
Liabilities	42,015	73,376
Required Percent	<u>6.67%</u>	<u>6.67%</u>
Basic Capital Requirement	<u>2,802</u>	<u>4,892</u>
Minimum Capital Required	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
Excess Capital	<u>\$ 68,690</u>	<u>\$ 62,048</u>
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Indebtedness	42,015	73,376
Net Capital	<u>93,690</u>	<u>87,048</u>
Percent of debt to net capital	<u>44.8%</u>	<u>84.3%</u>

See auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES

RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND THE
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF THE RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

The company operates on a fully disclosed basis under Rule 15c3-1 Subparagraph (a) (2) and does not hold client/customer funds or securities; thus, no reconciliation is necessary.

See auditor's report on supplemental information.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES, INC.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE
REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3
DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

The company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under Subparagraph K(2)(ii) and does not possess, control or otherwise hold client or customer funds or securities.

See auditor's report on supplemental information.

RECONCILIATION OF FOCUS REPORT (IIA) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005 TO AUDITED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Balance Per Focus Report on <u>December 31, 2005</u>		Adjustments <u>Debit</u> <u>Credit</u>	Balance Per Audited Financial Statements At <u>December 31, 2005</u>
Total Assets	\$ 185,103		\$ - (a) \$ 7,089	\$ 178,014
Less:				
Total Liabilities	46,185 (c)	5,290 (b)	1,097 (d) 23	42,015
Net Worth	<u>138,918</u>	<u>5,290</u>	<u>8,209</u>	<u>135,999</u>
Less:				
Non-Allowable Assets	<u>51,176</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,867</u>	<u>42,309</u>
 Tentative Net Capital	 <u>87,742</u>	 <u>5,290</u>	 <u>658</u>	 <u>93,690</u>
Less:				
Securities Haircuts	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Capital	<u>\$ 87,742</u>	<u>\$ 5,290</u>	<u>\$ 658</u>	<u>\$ 93,690</u>

- (a) Payroll Taxes, Deferred Income Taxes, Depreciation
- (b) Payroll Taxes, Deferred Income Taxes
- (c) Income Taxes, Accounts Payable
- (d) Client Adjustment made after filing Focus Report

See auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

Certified Public Accountants

Board of Directors

Capital Management Securities, Inc.
Minneapolis, MN

We have audited the financial statements of Capital Management Securities, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2006. As part of our audits, we made a study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards in the United States and Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This study and evaluation included the accounting system, the procedures for safeguarding securities, and the practices and procedures followed by the client (i) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a) (11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e); (ii) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (iii) in complying with the requirement for prompt payment for securities of Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (iv) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3. Rule 17a-5 states that the scope of the study and evaluation should be sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that any material weakness existing at the date of our examination would be disclosed. Under generally accepted auditing standards and Rule 17a-5, the purposes of such study and evaluation are to establish a basis for reliance thereon in determining the nature, timing, and extent of other auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the financial statements, and to provide a basis for reporting material weaknesses in internal accounting control.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance concerning the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and concerning the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management. However, for the purposes of this report under Rule 17a-5, the determination of weaknesses to be reported was made without considering the practicability of corrective action by management within the framework of a cost/benefit relationship.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal accounting control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other personal factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends on segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management either with respect to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, which was made for the purposes set forth in the first paragraph above and would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system and any that may have existed during the period, disclosed certain weaknesses that we believe to be material. Such weaknesses, with an indication of the corrective action taken or proposed, were as follows.

One person has the primary responsibility for most of the accounting and financial duties. As a result, many of those aspects of internal control which rely upon an adequate segregation of duties are, for all practical purposes, missing in your company. We recognize that your company probably is not large enough to make the employment of additional persons for the purpose of segregating duties practical from a financial standpoint, but we are required, under professional responsibilities, to call the situation to your attention.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the first paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 and 2004, to meet the Commission's objectives.

We commend the management and staff of the company for their assistance and cooperation during the audits. An audit imposes additional work on all personnel and we appreciate the effort by the management and staff of Capital Management Securities, Inc.

As was mentioned previously, these comments are made solely in the interest of establishing sound internal control procedures and improving the operation of the company. We would be pleased to discuss these comments with you in detail and aid in the implementation if you so desire. Thank you for giving us the opportunity to serve you and we look forward to a continuing relationship with your firm.

Bayer + Company

February 2, 2006

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SECURITIES, INC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2005 and 2004

